The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, March 30, 1799.

Vol. 13. No. 655.

PITTSBURGH: PRINTED BY JOHN SCULL, IN FRONT STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE CORNER OF MARKET-STREET.

To be Sold,

A Merchant Mill and Plantation, situate on the Monongahela river, about two miles above Elizabeth Town, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, containing about 300 acres, of which is first rate bottom, 50 of it clear and under good fence, 30 acres of which is timothy meadow, a young apple orchard of about 400 trees, a ferry, and road leading to it in different directions, and a sugar camp equal to any in the river, there are some superior, to any on the river, there are about 60 acres of upland clear and under good dwelling house, beautifully situated on the bank of the river, 26 by 21 feet, completely finished, and a convenient kitchen adjoining, a good shingled stable and milk house, and several other buildings. The Mill is situated about 200 yards from the river, is well calculated for merchant work, with two bolts and rolling screen. Likewise upwards of 100 acres adjoining the former, about 45 acres clear and in tolerable repair, to which is timothy meadow, a young orchard of about 100 apple trees, 60 of which are bearing, and about 300 bearing peach trees, a dwelling house with a stone chimney, a still house and other outhouses. Both plantations are generally well timbered with walnut, oak, and spicewood land; they will either be sold together or seperately as may suit the purchaser. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

JAMES PERRY.

March 19, 1799.

All persons indebted to the subscriber are earnestly desired to come and pay off their accounts before the 20th of May next, otherwise they may expect to have their accounts put in a way of recovery.

EPHRAIM JONES.

March 20, 1799.

Public Notice.

WE, the under named subscribers having purchased separate pieces of land (all in the first tract) below the mouth of Long Run, on the Youghiogeny river, from Peter Luzenheiser, Jacob Luzenheiser, and David M'Millen, for which we have paid our bonds severally, the first part in five bonds of £. 40 each, payable in yearly payments, each payment commencing the 29th day of March yearly, the first payment thereof is due & payable the 29th day of March 1799 second do. of £. 60 each, payable as aforesaid, but the March 1803 and 1804. The second part is £. 41 6 0 in five yearly payments, payable as above mentioned, second do. of £. 30 each, payable in 1804 and 1805 — the third part in six yearly payments of £. 50 each, payable as aforesaid, commencing the 20th of March 1799. And as it appears that there is some incumbrance on the said land, we do hereby forewarn all persons from taking an assignment of said bonds, as we are determined not to pay them unless compelled, or the said incumbrances removed, or sufficient security given for the same.

his
JOHN ‡ M'MILLIN,
mark.
WILLIAM SILL,
R. COLHOON.

March 20, 1799.

TO BE RENTED,

On reasonable Terms,

A Valuable Grist and Saw Mill, the Grist mill has two pair of stones in good order, the first in good and every public, they are known by the name of Jeffery's mills. They are 12 miles from Greensburgh, 12 from Stewart town, and several other public mills between them, and they are 13 miles from Pittsburgh. Possession may be had on the 9th April next.

JANE JEFFERY.
ALEX. M'CANDLIS.

March 12, 1799.

For Sale.

ONE undivided third part of 5000 acres of LAND, situate on Big Beaver, about 15 miles from the Ohio. The plantations are held by warrant and settlement—They are generally of a good quality and the terms of purchase shall be made easy. Apply to ISAAC GREGG, Pittsburgh, or RICHARD H. MORRIS, Philadelphia.

March 23, 1799 — 3m.

Thomas Wilson,

HAS removed his STORE to the house at the corner of Market and Second Streets formerly occupied by Mr. JAMES HORNER, where he has for Sale a general assortment of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, & GROCERIES,

likewise, a variety of the best Wines, Brandy, and Jamaica Spirits, by the gallon or quarter cask, at reduced prices for cash.

Pittsburgh, March 16, 1799.

Samuel Creigh,

INFORMS all those who are indebted to him, that from certain arrangements it has become necessary to demand payment on or before the 20th May next, and as he has always been unwilling to commence suits, hopes that attention will be paid to the above notice.

Pittsburgh, March 20, 1799.

Law of Pennsylvania.

An ACT *to regulate the General Elections within this Commonwealth.*

SECTION 1. BE *it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the General Elections within this Commonwealth shall be held and conducted by Judges, Inspectors, and Clerks, to be chosen and appointed as is herein after directed; and no person shall be admitted to vote at any general or special election, or for Inspectors thereof, other than citizens of this state of the age of twenty one years, or more, and who have resided therein two years next before the election, and within that time paid a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least six months before the election: *Provided*, that the sons of citizens qualified as aforesaid, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty two years, shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid taxes, and every citizen having paid taxes and resided as aforesaid, and claiming a right to vote, shall make due proof thereof as follows, viz. *First*, that he is a natural born citizen of this state, or was settled therein on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and seventy six; or having been a foreigner who since that time came to settle therein, he hath taken an oath or affirmation of allegiance to the same on or before the twenty sixth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, agreeable to the then existing constitution and laws: or *Secondly* that he is a natural born citizen of some other of the states, or had been lawfully admitted or recognized as a citizen of some of the said states, on or before the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety; or, *Thirdly*, that having been a foreigner or alien, he hath been naturalized conformably to the laws of the United states—That as evidence of his having been naturalized agreeably to the laws of the United States, he shall produce a certificate therefor, under the seal of the Court wherein such naturalization took place; that as evidence of his being a natural born citizen of this state, or residing therein on the twenty eighth day of September, one thousand seven hundred and seventy six, or a natural born citizen of some other of the United States, if required by any Inspector or judge of the election, he shall be examined on his oath or affirmation, that as evidence of his having taken an oath or affirmation of allegiance to this state on or before the twenty sixth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, or of having been lawfully admitted or recognized as a citizen of some other of the United States on or before the said day it required by any Inspector or Justice of the election, he shall produce a certificate in the form from some Judge, Prothonotary or Clerk of a Court, Mayor, Alderman, Recorder or Justice of the Peace, or shall be examined on his oath or affirmation, and if by such certificate or examination as aforesaid it shall appear, that he is a citizen of this state qualified to elect agreeably to the provisions of this act, his vote shall be received by the Inspector of the township, ward or district in which he resides.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the inspectors of the general election shall be chosen by ballot, on the Saturday next preceeding the first Tuesday in October, in each and every year, at such place in each town, township, ward or district as the citizens have generally met at for that purpose, public notice of which shall be given by the constable or constables, by six or more written or printed advertisements, affixed at as many of the most noted and public places therein, at least one week before the said day; and the election shall be opened between two and three o'clock in the afternoon by the said constable or constables to be assisted by two qualified citizens, chosen by such citizens qualified to vote as shall be then present, and the said constable or constables, and assistants shall be judges of the qualifications of the citizens residing within the said town, township, ward or district, who shall offer their votes for inspector, and shall conduct the said election in a fair and impartial manner, and keep the same open until six o'clock in the same afternoon when the poll shall be closed, the number of votes ascertained and the person highest in votes publicly declared: and the said constable and assistants shall make out duplicate certificates of the said election, under their hands, one of which shall be delivered to the person chosen, or left at his usual place of abode by the said constable, within two days thereafter, and the other he shall deliver to the agents appointed for opening the general election at the place and on the day appointed for holding the same, at nine o'clock in the forenoon; the qualified citizens of the township of the Northern Liberties and the district of Southwark shall respectively choose each two inspectors and each and every town, township, ward or district, shall each choose one inspector, and if any constable shall neglect or refuse to perform the duties herein required of him, he shall forfeit the sum of Fifty Dollars and in case of the neglect, refusal, death or absence from the county of any constable or constables, the overseers of the poor of the township, ward, or district, except in such township, ward, or district, where there shall be no overseer of the poor, in such case the supervisors of the high ways, shall perform the duties herein required to be done by the constable or constables; under the like penalties, except that the said overseers or supervisors of the high ways shall not be required to give more than four days notice of the time and place for holding the said election.

Sect. 3. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the courts of common pleas for the several and respective counties in this commonwealth, shall at their term held next before the third Monday in September, in each and every year, appoint two justices of the peace or other qualified citizens residing in each election district, if the county is divided into election districts, but if not, then two such persons for the county at large, as agents, whose duty it shall be to attend at the place appointed for holding the election for the district or county for which they are appointed, at nine o'clock in the forenoon of the day of the election to receive from the several constables the returns of the persons chosen inspectors; to swear or affirm the said inspectors, judges of election and clerks, and to read or cause to be read the first, fifth, seventh and ninth sections of this act, and such other parts thereof as in their judgment are necessary for the information of the judges, inspectors and clerks, previous to the opening of the said election; and shall also deliver to the said inspectors the list of taxables and blank forms or returns which shall have been delivered to them or either of them by the county commissioners, agreeably to the directions of this act; and the prothonotaries of each county shall within three days after the appointment of such agents has been made, deliver a certified transcript of the said appointments to the sheriff of the county, who shall serve a copy of the same on each of the said agents at least ten days before the day of election; and if any of the said agents shall neglect to attend at the place of election for which he shall be appointed, by nine o'clock in the forenoon of the day of election, or refuse to take upon him and perform the duties by this act required, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of Fifty Dollars, unless he render a sufficient reason for non attendance to the next court of common pleas of the proper county, who are hereby authorized to enquire into the same and determine accordingly—and in case neither of the said agents should attend as aforesaid, then any alderman or justice of the peace present, then any alderman or justice of the peace present shall administer the oaths or affirmations required to be taken by the inspectors, judges and clerks, but if no alderman or justice of the peace be present then one of the judges of the election shall administer the same.

Sect. 4. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the inspectors chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at nine o'clock in the forenoon of the day of election, at the places respectively appointed for holding the same for the district or county to which they belong, and they or a majority of them shall choose and take to their assistance, for the city of Philadelphia seven, and for any other district not less than three nor more than five respectable citizens, qualified to vote, who shall be judges of the election in the said city or districts respectively; and the judges and inspectors chosen in the manner directed by this act shall be forthwith sworn or affirmed by one of the said agents or other person authorized, and shall appoint such and so many clerks of the election (being severally of the age of twenty one years or more) as they shall deem necessary, who shall in like manner be sworn or affirmed agreeably to the directions of this act, and as soon as the inspectors, judges and clerks, shall be severally sworn or affirmed as aforesaid, the said clerks or some of them shall make out two copies of the forms of the several oaths or affirmations, which shall be severally subscribed by all the said inspectors, judges and clerks, and the said forms shall be certified under the hands and seals of the attending agent or agents, or other person who shall administer the said oath or affirmation, and at the close of the election one of the said forms shall be sealed up in one of the boxes with the tickets, list of voters and tally papers, and the other shall be transmitted to the prothonotary of the county to remain on file in his office.

Sect. 5. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the following shall be the form of the oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz "I, A B do swear (or solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm) that I will duly attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof as an inspector, and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person or persons, other than those I shall firmly believe are according to the provisions of the act entitled "an act to regulate the general elections within this commonwealth," entitled to vote at the said election, without requiring such evidence of their right to vote as is directed to be given by the said act; nor will I vexatiously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person I shall believe is entitled to vote as aforesaid, but will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty therein to the best of my judgment and abilities" and the following by each judge, viz. "I, A B do swear (or solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm) that I will attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, and faithfully assist the other judges and inspectors in carrying on the same; that I will not give my consent that any vote or ticket shall be received from any persons, other than those I shall firmly believe are according to the provisions of the act entitled, "an act to regulate the general elections within this commonwealth," entitled to vote at the said election, without requiring such evidence of their right to vote as is directed to be given by the said act; and that I will use my best endeavours to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse, in carrying on the same by citizens qualified to vote or otherwise—and that I will make a true and perfect return of the said election, and in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and abilities" And the following by each clerk viz I, A B do swear (or solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm) that I will impartially and truly write down the name of each elector, who shall vote at the ensuing election which shall be given me in charge, and also the name of the town, township, ward or district wherein such elector resides, and carefully and truly write down the number of votes that shall be given for each candidate at the election, as often as his name shall be read to me by the judges thereof, and in all things truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and abilities"

Sect. 6. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the commissioners of the several counties within this state shall, at least three days before the second Tuesday in October, in every year, deliver or cause to be delivered, to one of the agents appointed for the proper county or district, as the case may be, a separate alphabetical list of the names and surnames of all the male taxable persons of each ward, borough, and township, inhabiting within the same, who have been assessed for a state or county tax, at least six months before that day, and also, a sufficient number of blank forms and returns made out in a proper manner, and headed as the nature of the election may require, which lists, forms and returns, shall be delivered as aforesaid, under the penalty of Fifty Dollars on each of the commissioners, for every neglect thereof; and it shall be the duty of the agent to whom the said lists, blank forms, and returns are delivered, to take the same with him to the place of election, and distribute them to the proper inspectors, previous to the opening of the said election, or if it should so happen that the said agent, with whom the said lists, forms, and returns, are left, should be unable to attend the said election, he shall cause the same to be delivered as aforesaid, under the penalty of one hundred dollars.

Sect. 7. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That where any township or townships within this commonwealth, hath or have been divided or hereafter shall be divided, forming any election district, the electors within each part of such divided township or township respectively shall choose one inspector, who shall within the part for which he is chosen, perform all and singular the duties to the office of inspector belonging, and in order thereto, the commissioners of the proper county shall furnish the inspector and inspectors so chosen, with a list of the taxable inhabitants within such divided township and townships for which they are respectively chosen: and if any inspector shall not attend at the proper place on the election on or before nine o'clock of the morning of the day of the election, such delinquent shall forfeit and pay the sum of Fifty Dollars; *Provided* he had due notice of his election: and every vacancy that shall happen by any delinquency shall be supplied by the qualified electors of the township, ward, or district, then present at the time aforesaid; or, if they neglect to make such appointment, the judges shall make the same: and if any person so chosen to supply the place of any inspector, shall neglect or refuse to perform the duty of inspector, he shall forfeit and pay a like sum of fifty dollars.

Sect. 8. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That in receiving the tickets from the electors at the place of election, the number of inspectors who shall sit at each door or window of the house where the election shall be holden, shall be determined by a majority of the judges of such election; and that over or near to such door or window the name of the township, ward, or district whose inspectors shall be there placed, shall be written or printed, in large and legible characters, in such manner that the electors dwelling within the several and respective townships, wards, or districts, may readily find their inspector or inspectors, in order to deliver to him or them their tickets as aforesaid.

Sect. 9. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the inspector shall not receive any votes or tickets from any person or persons whatever other than the electors residing within their several townships, wards or districts, and the name and abode of each elector whose ticket shall have been received, shall be called out aloud by the inspector who shall receive the same, and shall be entered by at least two clerks in separate lists, and the name repeated by them; and the name shall also be marked in the alphabetical list of the proper township, ward or district, by the inspector, inferring the letter V in the margin of such list, opposite to the name of such elector who has voted, but if such elector shall have been sworn or affirmed, or have produced a certificate or such evidence of naturalization as is required by this act, the inspector shall also note the same in the margin of such list; and no person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not inserted in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless he produce a receipt for the payment of a state or county tax assessed agreeable to the constitution, or give other satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or otherwise, that he hath paid such a tax, or that he claims a right to vote by being the son of an elector, and that he is between the ages of two

and twenty two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation, that he does verily believe, from the accounts given him, that he is of the age aforesaid, or give such other evidence as may reasonably be required; or as shall be satisfactory to the said inspector and judges of the said election; whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspector, and a note made opposite thereto, by writing the word "tax," if he has been admitted to vote on proof of his having paid a tax, or the word "age," if he has been admitted to vote on account of his age, and the reason of such vote shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of votes kept by them.

Sect. 10. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That every general and special election to be holden within this commonwealth, shall be opened between the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon, and shall continue, without interruption or adjournment until the electors who shall come to the said election shall have full opportunity to give in their respective votes; and every voter may deliver written or printed tickets, as he shall see cause, but on separate pieces of paper, as followeth: in one ticket the name of a person for governor, in one other ticket a senator or senators, as the case may be, in one other ticket a member or members of the house of representatives, in one other ticket, sheriff and coroners, in one other ticket, one or more county commissioners, and in one other ticket, one or more directors of the poor, for such counties where they may be necessary, as the case may be. And the several electors shall separately fold up their respective tickets, turning out to view or inscribing on the outside of one of the folds thereof, the names of office only, and shall thus give their votes secretly; and the same tickets and no other being received by the proper inspector, shall be deposited by him in separate boxes kept for that purpose till the poll be closed; and if any judge of the election, inspector, or other person, before the polling of the tickets be closed, shall unfold, open, or pry into any such ticket, with design to discover the names of the candidates therein, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars to the party grieved, to be recovered with cost, by bill, plaint or information in any court of record; and if any elector shall offer any more than one ticket of each kind before specified, with a fraudulent design, every such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars for every such offence, and shall moreover forfeit his vote at such election.

Sect. 11. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That when the poll shall be closed, the aforesaid boxes wherein the folded papers or tickets are deposited, shall be opened one by one, and the judges in the presence of the inspectors shall deliberately take out the said papers or tickets, and read aloud the name or names written or printed thereon respectively, whilst two or more of the clerks shall carefully enter and keep account of the same on paper prepared for that purpose, that the number of votes for each candidate talled thereon, may be readily cast up and known; but if upon opening any of the said tickets there be found any more names written or printed on any of them than there ought to be, or if any two or more of such papers be deceitfully folded together, such ticket shall be rejected, and not counted among the votes.

Sect. 12. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That as soon as all the votes shall be read off and counted, the judges of each district, in case the county be divided into districts, shall make out under their hands, a fair state and certificate of the number of votes which shall have been then and there given for each candidate, distinguishing the station or office he was voted for, which numbers shall be expressed in words at length, and not in figures only; and one of the said judges shall take charge of such certificate, and on the fourth day after the day of election, produce the same in a meeting of one judge from each district within the same county, at the court-house, and for the city and county of Philadelphia at the state-house, for which service he shall be allowed out of the county treasury, ten cents for every mile he shall necessarily have travelled in coming from his proper election district to the said court house, and in returning from thence to his own home; and the judges of the several districts of the county so met, shall add together the number of votes which shall appear to be given for any person or persons who shall thereupon be found to be highest in vote or elected as representatives, senator or other officer, and shall forthwith make out duplicate returns of the election of such person or persons, as shall be so elected and chosen for any office or station, which the electors of the said county are entitled to choose for themselves, uncomected with any other county or district; and when a Governor is to be chosen, the returns of all the votes given for any person or persons for Governor; and having lodged one of each of the said returns in the office of the prothonotary of the county, shall inclose, seal and direct the others, when the same relates to the choice of a Governor, to the Speaker of the senate; when to the election of a Senator or senators, to the Senate; when to a member or members of the house of Representatives, to the house of Representatives; when to Sheriffs or Coroners, to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; when to a Commissioner or Commissioners for the county, to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the said county. And one of the said judges shall deliver the returns, so sealed and directed, to the Sheriff of the county, endorsing thereon the time of delivering the same; and the said Sheriff shall within five days thereafter, cause the return directed to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions to be delivered agreeably to the direction; and having received the returns of any district for the election of a Senator or Senators, or one or more members of the house of Representatives, which may by law be directed to be compleated and made out within the said county, for the same election, the said Sheriff shall forthwith, by himself or his deputy, transmit the whole of the said returns to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, so that the same shall be delivered into the Secretary's office within twenty days after the last of the returns shall have been received by the said Sheriff; in which case, and not otherwise, he shall be entitled to receive from the State Treasury, on warrants drawn by the Governor, ten cents for every mile he shall necessarily travel in going from and returning to his proper county.

Sect. 13. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That in the city of Philadelphia, and in any county where the election shall be holden only at one place, the returns thereof shall be made without delay, in like manner as is herein directed, as nearly as the different circumstances shall permit; and when two or more counties shall compose a district for the choice of one or more members of the Senate or house of Representatives, the judges of the election in each county having met as aforesaid, at their court-house, shall make out a fair statement, under their hands, of all the votes which shall have been given at the said election within their county, for any person or persons, as a member or members of the Senate or house of Representatives, as the case may be, and one of the said judges shall take charge of such certificate, and produce the same in a meeting of one judge from each county, at such place in the said district as is or shall be appointed by law for that purpose, on the seventh day after the day of the election; and the said judges shall then and there cast up the several county returns, and make duplicate returns of the person or persons chosen for the said district; and one of each of the said returns, if there shall be more than of one kind, shall be deposited in the prothonotary's office of the county in which they meet, and the other delivered to the Sheriff of the said county, sealed and directed as is herein before prescribed, and the day on which the same is so delivered shall also be endorsed thereon; and each judge who shall attend to make out the said district return, shall be allowed out of the treasury of his proper county, ten cents for every mile he shall necessarily travel in performing that service; and such of the returns delivered as aforesaid to the Prothonotary of each county, as shall certify the election of a commissioner or commissioners of the proper county, shall be by the said prothonotary laid before the Court of Quarter Sessions, which shall order the same to be recorded according to law. And each prothonotary within this commonwealth shall, as soon as all the other returns herein required are delivered into his office, make out a copy thereof, and certify the same, and shall forthwith transmit the said copy, under a sealed cover, directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, by placing the same in the nearest post-office.

Sect. 14. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of the Sheriffs of each and every county of this state, to give public notice, by advertisements posted up in the most public places in each district, or by publication in one or more newspapers of the counties respectively, at least twenty days before the general election, that such election is to be held; and he shall enumerate in the advertisements aforesaid, what officers are to be elected; and in case of neglect of such notice by the Sheriff of any county, he shall pay a fine of two hundred dollars.

Sect. 15. AND WHEREAS the nineteenth section of the constitution of this state provides, that when vacancies happen in either house, the Speaker shall issue writs of election to fill up such vacancies, Therefore, BE IT ENACTED, That when in consequence of any vacancy, by death, resignation or otherwise, in the house of Representatives, the Speaker of the house of Representatives shall issue his writ, he shall therein command the Sheriff of the proper county, or other person to whom such writ may be directed, on a day certain, and therein particularly expressed, to hold an election to supply such vacancy; and when in consequence of any vacancy in the Senate, by death, resignation or otherwise, the Speaker of the Senate shall issue his writ to the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the county or counties of which the district is composed, or other person or persons to whom such writ may be directed, he shall therein command such person or persons on a day certain and therein particularly expressed, to hold an election to supply such vacancy; and when such vacancy shall happen in either house during the session of the General Assembly, or when the same shall be required by their own adjournment, or by the Governor to meet at some time previous to the next succeeding general election, the Speaker of the house wherein such vacancy shall happen, shall appoint a time, as early as may be convenient, for holding an election to fill the said vacancy; but if such writ shall be issued during the recess of the General Assembly, and when the the same shall not be required to meet before the next succeeding general election, the Speaker issuing such writ, shall direct the election to be held at the time appointed for holding the general election. PROVIDED ALWAYS, That if after issuing of such last mentioned writ, the Governor shall at any time issue his proclamation for convening the General Assembly, the Sheriff or other person to whom the said writ shall be directed, shall in that case proceed to execute the same, by holding the election within thirty days after the date of such proclamation; AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That such writ so issued by the Speaker of the house of Representatives and Senate respectively, shall be delivered to the Sheriff, or other person to whom the same may be directed, at least fifteen days before the day appointed for such election, who shall forthwith give due and public notice thereof throughout the county, at least ten days before such election, and shall send a copy thereof to each of the judges, or to one of the judges of each district therein, in case such county or counties be divided for the purposes of election; and such elections shall be holden and conducted in like manner as is herein before directed, and the judges and inspectors chosen for and before the next preceding general election, shall attend at, and serve as such respectively, at such occasional elections.

Sect. 16. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the judges of the elections, who shall meet at their respective court-house, or other place appointed by law; to compare the several lists and certificates, and to cast up the number of votes for each candidate, shall give notice in writing to each member of the house of Representatives and Senate who shall be elected, and reside in their respective districts, within ten days next after the day of making up the return.

Sect. 17. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That all elections shall be free and voluntary, and that any elector who shall receive any gift or reward for his vote, in meat, drink, monies or otherwise, shall forfeit his right to elect for that time, and shall also forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding fifty dollars, and suffer imprisonment for a time not exceeding the term of six months, as the court of the proper county wherein such offender shall be convicted, shall upon due consideration of the case, think proper to award against him; and if it be made to appear to the satisfaction of the proper court, that at any election to be holden under this act, any intimidation, threats, force or violence hath been used or practiced, with design to influence unduly, or to overawe such election, or to restrain the freedom of choice, or if any officer of the election shall be threatened, or violence used to his person, or interrupted in the execution of his duty, every person who shall be guilty of such intimidation, threats, violence or interruption, being convicted thereof, shall be fined and imprisoned for the same, at the discretion of the court, not exceeding six months imprisonment, nor exceeding one hundred dollars fine; and any person who shall bribe as aforesaid, or who shall promise or attempt, either directly or indirectly, to give or bestow any reward as aforesaid, in order to procure any person to be elected, shall upon conviction thereof, be liable to a fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court, within the limitations next mentioned.

Sect. 18. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That if any person who is not qualified to vote in this state agreeable to the provisions of this act, (except the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of ifuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, every person interfering in the manner aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding thirty dollars for every such offence.

Sect. 19. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the Governor shall be a competent judge of the election of every person who shall be returned to serve as sheriff or coroner; and for that purpose may send for papers, persons or records, and may summon and compel witnesses to appear before him, and examine them upon oath or affirmation, or at his discretion may direct the examination of such witnesses, who dwell forty miles or more from the seat of government, to be taken in writing, by commissioners appointed by him for that purpose: PROVIDED, opportunity be given to the parties to be present and to examine and cross examine the said witnesses.

Sect. 20. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That if any person in taking an oath or affirmation required by this act, shall be guilty of wilfully and corruptly making a false oath or affirmation, or if any person shall suborn any other person to make any such false oath or affirmation, and be convicted thereof by a jury of the proper county, every such person so offending as aforesaid, shall suffer such penalties and disabilities as are incurred on conviction of wilful and corrupt perjury, or subordination of perjury respectively; and if any person shall knowingly publish, utter or make use of any forged or false receipt or certificate, with intent to impose the same upon, or to deceive any judge or inspector, at any election, such person shall incur a fine of fifty dollars, and suffer six months imprisonment.

Sect. 21. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the commissioners of the proper county shall, out of the county stock, provide sufficient and suitable boxes for depositing the tickets taken in by the inspectors of the several districts, and after the election shall be finished, the same boxes shall be given in charge to some justice of the peace of the neighbourhood, to be kept till the next election.

Sect. 22. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That as soon as any election shall be finished, the tickets, lists of taxables, one of the lists of voters, tally papers, and one of the certificates of the oath or affirmation taken and subscribed by the inspectors, judges, and clerks, shall be all carefully collected and deposited in one or more of the boxes herein before mentioned, and the box or boxes being closely bound around with tape, shall be sealed by two or more of the judges of the election, and one or more of the inspectors, and shall be delivered to the nearest justice of the peace of the county, to be kept by him, to answer, if need be, the call of the joint or separate committees of the Senate and House of Representatives, who may be appointed to try the merits of any such election; and if any judge of the election, inspector, clerk, or other person, shall deface, alter, embezzle or destroy, any of the said tickets, lists, or tally papers, or certificates, such person so offending shall forfeit and pay the sum of three hundred dollars for every such offence, to the person who shall, within the space of six months thereafter, sue for the same by action of debt in any court of record, and shall suffer imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months: and any such justice who shall refuse to receive the said box or boxes, or, having received the same, shall neglect the safe keeping thereof, shall forfeit and pay two hundred dollars for every such neglect or refusal; and the other lists of voters, tally papers, and certificates, shall be inclosed by the said judges in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the county, and by some one of them, be delivered into his office where the same shall be filed; and it shall be the duty of the prothonotary to give a certified copy of the said lists to any person or persons applying for the same, on payment of the usual fees in other cases.

Sect. 23. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That if any judge of election, inspector, or clerk, acting under this act, shall be duly convicted of any wilful fraud in the discharge of the duties enjoined upon, or required of him by this act, he shall forfeit a sum not less than one hundred, nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall be for seven years disabled from holding any office of honour, trust, or profit in the commonwealth, and such person shall be moreover disabled for the term aforesaid to elect, or give his vote at any general or special election to be holden within this state; and if any person appointed to be judge of the election, inspector or clerk, at any of the elections directed and regulated by this act, shall neglect or refuse to take upon himself the duties appointed thereto, or having taken upon himself the said duties, shall afterwards neglect to do and perform the same in the manner by this act required, he shall forfeit and pay any sum not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred dollars, for every such offence; and if any prothonotary, or sheriff, shall neglect or refuse to do and perform the duties enjoined upon them in the manner required by this act, or shall wilfully misbehave in the doing thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding five, nor less than two hundred dollars, and suffer imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months; and each of the agents, judges, inspectors and clerks, who employed in the duties required of them by this act, shall receive for his services and expences the sum of one dollar and fifty cents per day, to be paid by the treasurer of the proper county, out of the county rates and levies, on orders to be drawn for the same by the commissioners of the proper county, which allowance shall be in full for their said services and expences other than the mileage herein before allowed, and in lieu of all kinds of refreshment it may have been heretofore customary to provide at the expence of the county: and from and after the passing of this act no such expence shall be paid or allowed for such refreshments, by the commissioners of any county within this commonwealth.

Sect. 24. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That every specific fine and forfeiture by virtue of this act to be incurred, shall be recovered by action of debt, brought in the supreme court, or in any court of common pleas within this commonwealth, or by information or indictment, one half to the use of the plaintiff, informer or prosecutor, and the other half to the use of this commonwealth; and where such fine or forfeiture is not specific by indictment, one half to the use of the prosecutor and one half to the use of the commonwealth. *Provided always*, that all suits and prosecutions against any person by virtue of this act, be brought within the proper county, within six months next after the cause of such suit or prosecution shall accrue, and not otherwise.

Sect. 25. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall and may be lawful for the governor of this commonwealth, on the representation of the college of physicians of the city of Philadelphia, and board of health, or either of them, that from the prevalence of a malignant or contagious fever in the said city and suburbs, the lives of the electors will be in danger by attending at the places fixed by law for holding elections within the same, to direct the sheriff of the county of Philadelphia to hold the election for the city, at such other place within the limits of the city plot, and the elections for the districts and townships at such other places within the limits of the same, as he the governor may judge most safe and convenient. And it shall be the duty of the sheriff of the city and county of Philadelphia, to give public notice by advertisements, posted up in the most public places of the several wards or districts, or publish in at least three of the public newspapers printed in the city of Philadelphia, the places where such elections are to be held, at least seven days before the time of holding the said election, and if the sheriff shall neglect to perform the duty herein prescribed, he shall pay the sum of two hundred dollars for every such neglect.

Sect. 26. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That "an act, entitled "an act to amend the several acts of this commonwealth directing the mode of electing members of the general assembly thereof," passed the twentieth of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty two, and "an act, entitled "an act to regulate the general elections of this commonwealth, and to prevent frauds therein," passed the thirteenth of September, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five, and "an act, entitled "an act, for altering and amending an act, entitled "an act to regulate the general elections of this commonwealth, and to prevent frauds therein," passed the nineteenth of September, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, except so much of the two last mentioned acts as relates to election districts, or respects the repealing of former laws, shall be and the same are hereby repealed and made void.

CADWALLADER EVANS, *Jun'r.*
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ROBERT HARE,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED, February 15, 1799.

THOMAS MIFFLIN,
Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

American Intelligence.

NEW YORK, March 12.

A gentleman of the ſtricteſt veracity, aſſures us that a letter has been received in town from Philadelphia, from a perſon in office unfolding a new item in the Catalogue of French Villanies the ſubſtance of which is as follows:

That at the very time Citizen Talleyrand was playing off his villainous hypocriſy, in his correſpondence with Mr. Gerry, orders were abſolutely diſpatched to St. Domingo, requiring Hedouville to prepare a body of armed troops for an attack on the ſouthern States, and embrace the firſt favourable moment for effecting his infernal purpoſe.

It is added, that the vigilance of the Britiſh cruizers alone deterred this fiend from putting his diabolical plan in execution.

The ſame letter makes mention of the Tale of the Tubs, ſtating, that immediately on the receipt of the news, an expreſs was ſent to Charleſton, by order of the government, requiring thoſe ſons of darkneſs, thoſe tools of the great and incomprehenſible beaſt, to repair to Philadelphia, in order that they might receive the juſt reward of their works.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.

The following Important Letter has juſt come to hand.

From a thorough knowledge of the character of the gentleman who writes this letter, of his caution in communicating political intelligence, and his practice in noticing no report in his letters, which has not been perfectly well authenticated, as well as from a review of the uniform correctneſs of all former information from the ſame ſource;—I am enabled to aſſert, that the following may be relied on as minutely true.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon to a reſpectable Mercantile Houſe in this City, dated 5th January laſt.

"THE French have lately met a ſevere check in Italy—The King of Naples, at the head of his army, has taken poſſeſſion of the Popes dominions and every where beat the French army moſt ſeverely. On the Neapolitans entering the City of Rome General Mack, the commander in chief ſummoned the caſtle of St. Angelo, which was ſtill in poſſeſſion of the French, to ſurrender, which they refuſed—He then ſent them a meſſage declaring that if they fired on the City that for every gun, he would deliver a Frenchman to the populace—This did not intimidate the French—they fired ſeveral guns, and General Mack, as good as his word, delivered as many Frenchmen to the mob, who murdered them in the moſt cruel manner—he then ſent them another meſſage relating what he had done, and what had happened to the poor Frenchmen, who had fallen victims to their folly, on which they ceaſed firing, and delivered up the caſtle. A few days after that, a ſevere engagement took place between 25 000 French, and about 35,000 Neapolitans, in which the latter were victorious—they took about 4000 priſoners, and killed in battle about 5000.

The loſs of the Neapolitans was very trivial compared with that of the French. The ſon of the King of Naples was arrived with a diviſion of the army of Civita Vecchia and had taken poſſeſſion of that City and ports. The Romans were every where flocking in great numbers to enter into the Neapolitan army. I have no doubt but the French will be more rapidly driven out of Italy than they entered it. Buonaparte, all accounts agree, was ſlain at a council of war, by an Egyptian ſoldier and his whole army by this time deſtroyed; ſo much for that Expedition.

"Malta is alſo taken, and the Neapolitan flag hoiſted on the fortifications. Minorca is alſo taken by the Engliſh, which is of great conſequence to their Mediterranean fleet, as Port Mahon is very convenient and commodious for repairing their men of war and cruizers in thoſe ſeas.

"This year will, in my opinion, be a year of the greateſt events that have ever happened to Europe; and if the talked of coalition takes place which no doubt muſt for its own internal defence of the combined nations, I ſhould not be ſurpriſed to ſee a king on the throne of France again, or Europe become one barbarous banditti."

Extract of a letter from Capt. THOMAS TRUXTON, to the SECRETARY of the NAVY, dated on board the United States ſhip CONSTELLATION, in ſight of the Iſland of St. Chriſtophers, February 10, 1799.

DEAR SIR,

I WROTE you the 4th inſt. to which I muſt beg leave to refer, and ſoon after weighed from Baſſeterre road, St. Chriſtophers, and proceeded to ſea, having made the neceſſary arrangements with the merchants and maſters of veſſels for a convoy, to ſail this day for the United States, under charge of the Norfolk and Richmond, which veſſels I directed to cruize, in the mean time, near St. Bartholomews and St. Martins, ſo as to be at hand to proceed with the convoy at the time appointed. As ſoon as I left the road of Baſſeterre (which I did with the Conſtellation alone) I ſtretched under Montſerrat and towards Guadaloupe by the wind, and from thence under the lee of Antigua and Barbuda. In this route I only met two merchant veſſels, and a Britiſh frigate. I therefore thought it beſt to change my ground, which I did, and run down towards the iſland of Nevis, and on the 9th inſt. at noon, that iſland bearing W. S. W., five leagues diſtance, diſcovered a large ſhip to the ſouthward, on which I bore down. She hoiſted American colours, and I made our private ſignals for the day, as well as that of the Britiſh, but finding ſhe anſwered neither, I immediately ſuſpected her to be an enemy, and in a ſhort time after found, that my ſuſpicions were well founded, for ſhe hoiſted the French national colours, and fired a gun to windward (which is a ſignal of an enemy.) I continued bearing down on her, and at a quarter paſt 3 P. M. ſhe hailed me ſeveral times; and as ſoon as I got in a poſition for every ſhot to do execution, I anſwered by commencing a cloſe and ſucceſsful engagement, which laſted until half-paſt 4 P. M. when ſhe ſtruck her colours to the United States ſhip Conſtellation, and I immediately took poſſeſſion of her. She proved to be the celebrated French national frigate Inſurgente, of 40 guns and 407 men, lately out from France, commanded by Monſieur Bureaut, and is eſteemed one of the faſteſt ſailing ſhips in the French navy. I have been much ſhattered in my rigging and ſails, and my fore topmaſt rendered, from wounds, uſeleſs; you may depend the enemy is not leſs ſo.

I intend to get into Baſſeterre road, St Chriſtophers, if poſſible, with my prize; but the wind being adverſe and blowing hard, I much doubt, in the crippled ſtate of both ſhips, whether I ſhall effect it; and if not, I muſt make a port to leeward. The high ſtate of our diſcipline, with the gallant conduct of my officers and men, would have enabled me to have compelled a more formidable enemy to have yielded, had the fortune of war thrown one in my way—as it is I hope the Preſident and my country will (for the preſent) be content with a very fine frigate being added to our infant navy, and that too with the loſs of only one man killed, & two wounded, while the enemy had (the French Surgeon reports) 52 or 53 killed and wounded, ſeveral were found dead in the tops, &c. and thrown overboard 18 hours after we had poſſeſſion. I muſt not omit, in this haſty detail, to do juſtice to Monſieur Bureaut, for he defended his ſhip manfully, and from my raking him ſeveral times fore and aft, and being athwart his ſtern ready with every gun to fire when he ſtruck his colours, we may impute the conflict not being more bloody on our ſide. for had not theſe advantages been taken, the engagement would not have ended ſo ſoon, for the Inſurgente was compleatly officered and manned.

INSURGENTE'S WEIGHT OF METAL.

4	Carronades,	36 Pounders.
2	ditto,	24 ditto.
4	ditto,	18 ditto.
24	ditto,	12 ditto.
8	ditto,	6 ditto.

40 Guns.

Extract from Captain Thomas Truxton to the Secretary of the Navy, dated 14th February.

On the 13th, after the greateſt exertions having been made, we gained theſe roads with both ſhips, and anchored in cloſe about noon. It is impoſſible for me to ſtate to you the joy demonſtrated by the inhabitants on this occaſion; the ſhip was filled with gentlemen of the firſt dignities in the iſland, and a ſalute requeſted in order that it might be returned, which was complied with on my part, particularly as it came from a member of the king's council, Mr. Tyſon an old friend of mine of many years ſtanding.

I have juſt received a polite letter of congratulation from the commander in chief, who offers me every ſervice in his power, and I have directed all the wounded priſoners from the inſurgente to be immediately landed, and ſent to the hoſpital.

The following is an accurate return made me this morning by lieutenant Rogers, commanding the prize, taken from the examining officers, of the killed and wounded on board the Inſurgente.

killed	29
badly wounded	22
wounded more ſlightly	19
Total killed and wounded	70

We had, as I wrote you before, only one man killed and two badly wounded, one of which is ſince dead, the other is a midſhipman, Mr. M'Donagh, who loſt his foot, an ordinary ſeaman was afterwards diſcovered to be ſlightly wounded: this is the whole number loſt and injured on board the Conſtellation.

I ſhall proceed to repair the damages ſuſtained to both ſhips as ſpeedily as poſſible, and until the pleaſure of the Preſident of the United States is known, I intend to give Lieut. John Rogers an order to command the Inſurgente. He was one of the firſt Lieutenants appointed, has a claim of being amongſt the firſt promotions, but a very ſtrong one for behaving well, and being the firſt lieutenant of the Conſtellation at the capture of the firſt governmental ſhip of any conſequence, ever made by the arms of the United States at ſea, ſince our being known as a nation; the other officers I ſhall appoint in the ſame way.

My gun deck is divided into three diviſions, the firſt of five guns, and oppoſite, ſuperintended by the firſt lieutenant, Mr. Rogers. The ſecond of five guns, and oppoſite, by the ſecond lieutenant, Mr. Cowper. The third of four guns, and oppoſite, by the third lieutenant, Mr. Sterrett. The zeal of theſe three officers in performing their duty, and complying ſtrictly with my orders, cannot be ſurpaſſed, but I muſt not, in praiſe of them, be ſilent as to the good conduct of Mr. Shirly the maſter, and Mr. Archer the fourth lieutenant, who acted their part near my perſon, on the quarter deck, and who are alſo deſerving of notice, but for the honor of our nation, I muſt declare, that it is impoſſible for officers and men, in any ſervice, to have behaved better than my people generally did on this occaſion; it muſt not therefore be underſtood, becauſe I have mentioned the names of a few of the principal gentlemen, that thoſe of an inferior grade in their ſtations are leſs deſerving—on the contrary, to the latter I always feel myſelf moſt indebted for their exertions in the hour of battle, as they have generally much leſs at ſtake than thoſe in higher ſtations, and conſequently leſs inducement to diſplay their valour.

Laſt Notice.

ALL *perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber by bond, note or book account, to make payment on or before the 30th day of April next, as all accounts, unſettled at that time, will be put into ſuit; he however hopes, that an attention to this notice will in a great degree ſupercede that neceſſity—approved of country produce will be taken in payment if delivered at the time above mentioned.*

JOHN HERON.

Verſailles Townſhip, Alleghen, County, March 20, 1799.

Pittsburgh, March 30.

On Monday laſt the United States Galley SENATOR ROSS was launched at this place—ſhe carries a 24 pounder in her bow and ſwivels on her quarter deck—her timbers are ſound and well ſeaſoned, and the workmanſhip ſubſtantial and elegant—When afloat in the Allegheny ſhe fired a ſalute, which was immediately returned from Fort Fayette. The launch was effected handſomely, and without difficulty or accident—— A GOOD OMEN.

In the Preſident's Proclamation, recommending a Faſt Day, for Wedneſday the 25th of April, read Thurſday the 25th of April.

FINDING that all the requeſts I have made to thoſe indebted to me to make payment, have not been regarded, but treated with contempt, and as it is impoſſible for a Printer to live without eating, or print without paper; and as neither food nor paper can be procured without money, I am determined to put all the accounts of thoſe who are indebted to me, into the hands of a Juſtice of the Peace, for recovery, if not paid in three weeks from this date—in the mean time, I give this notice, that thoſe who are diſpoſed to pay without trouble or coſt, may have an opportunity of doing it. The ſum due by each individual is a mere trifle, but when collected in the aggregate becomes of importance. The Printer, therefore, flatters himſelf, that every perſon of reflection will ſee the neceſſity of making payment without further delay.

The Printer mentions with pleaſure and gratitude, that a reſpectable part of his ſubſcribers have been punctual in their payments, and to thoſe he is indebted for being enabled to continue the publication of the Gazette, and aſſures them that his induſtry ſhall not be wanting to render it uſeful.

The PITTSBURGH GAZETTE is now printed on paper ſuperior in ſize to any in the Weſtern Country—it is, therefore proper that the public ſhould be informed of the terms on which it can be obtained.

TERMS.

Two Dollars a year, one half paid at the time of ſubſcribing, the other at the end of ſix months, if required—when ſent by poſt, the poſtage muſt be paid in addition.

Advertiſements, not exceeding a ſquare, inſerted three weeks for One Dollar, and every continuance after, 25 Cents—thoſe exceeding a ſquare in proportion. It is neceſſary that the continuance be noted on the advertiſements when ſent to the preſs.

JOHN SCULL.

Printing Office, Pittſburgh, March 22, 1799.

N. B. Produce, of good quality, will be received in payment.

Drugs and Medicines,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

SOLD by the ſubſcriber at his houſe the corner of Third and Market ſtreets, directly oppoſite to the houſe of Major Denny.

To accommodate both town and country the retail prices, will as is uſual in Apothecary's ſhops, be as low as poſſible.

ELEGANT WINE BITTERS.

HUGH SCOTT.

Pittſburgh, March 30, 1799.

James Wills,

RETURNS his moſt grateful acknowledgements to the public for their generous ſupport, and hopes, after his removal, which will be on Monday next, the firſt of April, to the houſe lately occupied by Thomas Wilſon, and oppoſite to the Widow Murphy's tavern, by keeping an aſſortment of Boot and Bootee Legs, Wax and Black Grain Calfſkins, Spaniſh and Roxbury Sole and Upper, and a neat aſſortment of Morocco Leather, that the quality of the work, and the lowneſs of the terms, to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may honor him with their work.

Pittſburgh, March 30, 1799.

Young Sportſman,

WILL cover Mares this ſeaſon at the following ſtands, viz. at the ſtable of Charles Matthews, innkeeper, near Baldwin's mills on Big Chartier creek, the firſt week in April, and the ſecond week at the ſtable of Alexander Sweney, adjoining lands with James Mitchell, Eſq. ſo week about till the 1ſt of July, at the low rate of Twenty Shillings and one buſhel of Oats the ſeaſon; Ten Shillings and one buſhel of Oats the ſingle leap, and Forty Shillings and one buſhel of Oats for inſurance. The money for the ſeaſon to be paid the firſt of October next, for inſurance when the Mare is known to be with colt, for the ſingle leap at the covering, when the Oats is to be brought.

Young Sportſman is a beautiful dark cheſnut ſorrel, 4 years old this ſpring, upwards of 15 hands and an half high, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and his hind feet white; he was got by Old Sportſman, imported from England, his dam by the full bred horſe Silver Tail, his grand dam by the full bred horſe Jolly Ranter; his figure and carriage is by good judges allowed to be excellent, and is well calculated for either the ſaddle or draft. A further detail of his pedigree is thought unneceſſary, as his appearance will recommend him.

WILLIAM ROSS.

March 27, 1799.

N. B. The Horſe will be moved preciſely at 12 o'clock every Saturday towards the reſpective ſtands.

Treaſury Department

MARCH 11, 1799.

Public Notice is hereby g

Purſuant to the Act of Congreſs paſſ 1ſt day of June, one thouſand ſeven and ninety ſix, entitled "An Act re "the grants of land appropriated for "ſervices, and for the ſociety of Uni "thren for propagating the goſpel "the Heathen;" and the Act ſupple to the ſaid recited Act paſſed on the day of March, one thouſand ſeven and ninety-nine—to wit,

I.

THAT the tract of Land hereinafter d namely, 'beginning at the north 'ner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, 'ning thence fifty miles due ſouth, a 'weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges; 'due weſt to the main branch of th 'river; thence up the main branch of 'river to the place where the Indian b 'line croſſes the ſame—thence along 'boundary line to the Tuſcaroras bran 'Muſkingum river at the croſſing pla 'Fort Lawrence—thence *down* the ſai 'the point where a line run due weſt f 'place of beginning, will interſect the ſa 'than along the line ſo run to the plac 'ginning;' has been divided into town five miles ſquare, and fractional parts ſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of townſhips and fractional parts of town depoſited in the offices of the R giſte Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the tion of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have ſhall be granted for military ſervices pe during the late war, are required to pr ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, time prior to the twelfth day of F bruary year one thouſand eight hundred, for poſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry w ever be made of any leſs quantity than a townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warran may be preſented and regiſtered in aforeſaid, prior to the twelfth day of F in the year one thouſand eight hundre immediately after the ſaid day, be det by lot, in the mode preſcribed by the recited.

IV.

The holders of regiſtered warrants, Monday the 17th day of February, in 1800, in the order in which the pri location ſhall be determined by lot as a perſonally or by their agents, deſignate i at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſ particular quarter townſhips elected respectively, and ſuch of the ſaid ho ſhall not deſignate their locations on day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch to all other holders of regiſtered warran

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſufficient to cover one or more quarte ſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres ea at any time after Monday the 17th da bruary 1800, and prior to the firſt day ary 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſ rants in manner aforeſaid, and forth make locations therefor on any tract or land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on ac military ſervices, which ſhall not be r and located before the firſt day of Janua are by the ſupplementary act of Congre before recited, paſſed on the ſecond March, 1799, declared to be forever ba

Given under my hand at Philadel day and year above mentioned.

OLIVER WOLCO

Secretary of the Tr

By Yesterday's M

NEW-YORK, March 20.

The following important extract of a le Philadelphia, dated Monday, was yeſterday, by a moſt reſpectable m houſe:

"Mr. Liſton has news from Jamaica date from Europe, which gives a con of the murder of Buonaparte, and the h of hoſtilities—the King of Pruſſia in F the Emperor in Switzerland—the King in Italy. It ſeems that the French prepared in Holland to oppoſe an atta

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PHILADELPHIA, March 2

February 20th

Dunwoody's Tavern, Market Street, Ph

At a meeting of a large number of from every part of the State, It was unanimouſly agreed, Th

JAMES ROSS, of PITTSBURG will, in the opinion of this meeting, rally acceptable to the people of Pen as their Governor; in conſideration and of the high ſenſe entertained of h talents and patriotiſm.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That it be rec ed to our fellow citizens throughout th ſupport him with their votes and inte that we will uſe our utmoſt exertions to his election.

FRANCIS GURNEY, Cha BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, Sec'y.

The real ſtate of the inſurrection in N ton is not yet aſcertained. The volu reſider of three individuals is no certa tion of a general diſpoſition to ſubmi laws; and it ought to be remarked, t three are of the number who at firſt r yielded to the proceſs of the Marſh armed force who had the ſubmiſſion to r priſoners from the cuſtody of the Marſh not, it is believed, evinced any diſpo ſurrender.

Detachments of Volunteer Cavalry city of Philadelphia, and counties o pot, Lancaſter Bucks, Cheſter and Mon have received orders to hold themſel dineſs to march at a moment's wa the inſurgents in Northampton co

TO BE RENTED.

THAT Plantation, known by the name of Bower-Hill four miles from the town of Pittsburgh, for one or more years, not exceeding seven. There is on this place about 300 acres of cleared land, two good barns, one of which has been built since the last season, with two framed dwelling houses—which houses are in good repair, well fenced and ri-vailed, and about 40 acres of good timothy meadow, a part of which is watered, and scarcely a stump growing in the whole—one need apply who are well known for their industry, and knowledge in farming. From one to four able bodied Negro fellows, the oldest only 24 years of age, the youngest about 15, three of them as good farmers as any in the state, and two of them good waggoners, those may be hired at £. 15 per year and their cloathing, which must be cheap considering the high wages now giving—horses, milch cows, oxen, sheep, hogs, and all kinds of farming utensils, with an ox cart and waggon, may also be had with the place on very reasonable terms.

JOHN NEVILL.

Pittsburgh, 12th March, 1799

William Woods & Co.

Have just received at their Store opposite the Market House, a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which has been selected from the latest importations, well adapted to the present and approaching season, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, March 13, 1799.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale on the first Tuesday of April next, at the adjourned court, to be held at the house of John Wilson, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, the following lands and Tenements, viz.

One Out Lot adjacent to the town of M'Intosh Beaver, marked in the plan of the out lots of said town No. 82, containing ten acres taken in execution as the property of Matthew Ewalt at the suit of William Irwin and Adam Schofield.

A certain Tract of Land in Mead township, in the neighbourhood of Cuffawago, adjoining lands of the Holland Company and John Mead, granted in the name of Joseph Clarkson, late the property of Alexander W. Foster; also, two lots in the town of Meadville, marked in the plan of said town, No. 99 and No. 100, bounded by the Public Square, by Chestnut street, Plumb street and Lot No. 101—also, all the right and title of John Gardeau to a Tract of Land on the north side of French creek, adjoining James Covington up French creek, and Alexander Foreman, Esq. below, in the possession of Samuel Morrison. All taken in execution as the property of John Gardeau, at the suit of Peacock Marshall and company

One share of a Lot of Ground, together with one messuage and the appurtenances, situate in the Borough of Pittsburgh, marked in Col. Ross's general plan of the town of Pittsburgh, No. 181, containing 22 feet in front on Front street beginning at the corner of Lot No. 180, (late the property of Samuel Ewalt) and extending back 22 feet on Front street, to part of the said Lot No. 181, now the property of ——— Campbell, thence back on a parallel line with Ross alley forty four feet, thence on a parallel line with Front street, 22 feet to Lot No. 180, thence &c. to the place of beginning. ——— Taken in execution as the property of John Rodgers, at the suit of Mark Denny.

Also, Lots K and L being portions of Lots No. 132 and 133 in the Borough of Pittsburgh, containing each 60 feet in front upon Liberty street and extending back 160 feet to Brewery alley which alley is unknown in the general plan of said Borough, but laid out for the accommodation of the inhabitants. Also, Lots No. P, Q, R and T, being portions of Lots No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, containing 60 feet in front on Penn street, and extending back to Butler street, which was also laid out for the convenience of the inhabitants, in the plan of the Point Lots, recorded in the Office for Recording of Deeds of Allegheny county, as may be seen—also, one Lot in the general plan of the Borough of Pittsburgh aforesaid numbered 371. Taken in execution as the property of Turnbull, Marmie & Co. at the suit of Elliot, Williams & Co.

Also five parcels of ground, with the appurtenances, on the south side of the Monongahela in St. Clair township, on the upper end of what is called Ormsby's bottom, laid out in Samuel M'Mahon's plan, to be seen in the office for recording of Deeds, in Allegheny county, in said plan No. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, adjoining Charles Smith, containing in the whole fifty two acres—also, forty one acres of land with the appurtenances, on the north side of the Monongahela river, above the mouth of Turtle creek, adjoining Perry's town on Monongahela river, as described in the office for recording of deeds for Allegheny county, in L. F. pages 225 and 226. Taken in execution as the property of John Gurden, at the suit of Samuel S. Mahon, Esq. and to be sold by

EPHRAIM JONES, Sheriff.

March 14, 1799.

To be Let for two Years,

A TWO Story Log House, having four commodious Rooms with Fire Places, a Cellar, Stable and Horse Shade, a convenient Garden, four acres of excellent Meadow and Pasture, six miles from Pittsburgh on the road to Redstone, known by the name of George Ewalt's tavern, and lately occupied by Captain Thomas Fulton as such. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber near the premises.

SARAH KATZ.

Allegheny county, St. Clair township,
March 5, 1799.

GARDEN SEEDS,

For Sale by the subscriber.

GOLDEN hotspur pea, green do. white and yellow dwarf beans, valentine do. four different sorts of pole beans, beets, parsnips, parsley, celery, cress mustard white, summer savory, sweet basil, cucumber early and long, early short topt radish, salmon do. cabbage, cos and imperial lettice, spinage, Albany squash, white do. yellow do. sweet do. musk melons of eight different kinds, water melon.

FLOWER SEEDS.

Blue lupins, yellow do. trumpet marvel peru, yellow do. rose after, scarlet do. blue rose larkspur, white do. green valerian, rose campion, Isbels, catchfly, cuma poppy, horn do. sweet sultan, rose columbine, mignonette, painted lady sweet pea, white do everlasting neolea, double grass pink, carnation do. Indian pink, princes feather, amaranthus, globe do. globe do. with several other kinds, and I intend leaving town by the first of April, those who wish to be supplied must apply soon.

EDWARD M'EUEN.

Pittsburgh, March 18, 1799.

NAILS,

A few kegs, Bars Iron, Castings, Soal Leather, and a quantity of Tar in barrels

FOR SALE, BY
WILLIAM CHRISTY.

Pittsburgh, 15th March, 1799.

N. B Persons indebted to W Christy are once more requested to settle their accounts.

Whereas my wife Jane has, for *one time past, absented herself from my bed and board, without any cause or lawful objection, I find myself under the disagreeable necessity of warning all persons to avoid crediting her on my account, for I will not pay any thing on her account unless I am compelled thereto by law.*

WILLIAM THOMSON.

March 18, 1799.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS William Larwill, of the Borough of Pittsburgh did, on the 20th day of November last, make an assignment of his property unto Gazzam, Taylor and Jones, merchants, of Philadelphia, unto whom he is largely indebted. This is therefore to forewarn all persons against paying any debts due to the said Larwill to any other person than the subscriber residing in Pittsburgh, who is duly authorised to receive the same.

WILLIAM GAZZAM.

Pittsburgh, December 22, 1798.

TO BE RENTED,

And possession given the first of April next.

A TRACT of Land adjoining the borough of Pittsburgh, on Grant's Hill, containing about 30 acres of clear land under fence—there is a cabin and stable on the premises, and also a coal pit. For terms apply to William Irwin, in Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on Forbes's old road, 11 miles from Pittsburgh.

FRANCIS WILSON.

February 21, 1799.

TO BE RENTED,

And possession given the first of April next.

A TWO Story Brick House, with a good Kitchen, Cellar and Garden, in the Public Square of the Borough of Pittsburgh. The house is calculated for either a store or a private family. Enquire of the Printer, or of

JOHN WHELEN.

Pittsburgh February 19, 1799.

JOHN REED,

INNKEEPER.

REQUESTS his friends and customers to accept his best wishes for their personal welfare, and informs them and the public in general, that he is about to remove from the house he hath lately occupied, to the house fronting the Public Square and adjoining Diamond alley, now in the occupancy of Mr. William M'Millan, where he expects to remain for some time for the purpose of accommodating any who may choose to impose upon him any obligation that may arise from the nature of his office as innkeeper.

It frequently happens in this, as well as in any other kind of business, especially when times are hard, that there are some, who, either through forgetfulness, neglect or indisposition, do not punctually discharge their accounts—perhaps it may not be improper, at least it is not unfashionable, to remind such of *paying off the old score*; that after my removal in April, we may commence business on new and generous principles, and I not be under the necessity of throwing our money uselessly into the hands of Magistrates, Attorneys, Sheriffs or Constables, who, like as many leeches, when once they fasten upon us, will drink the last drop of our substance, and leave us to ruminate over one of the greatest of all God's temporal curses—"*an empty purse.*"

Pittsburgh, February 21, 1799.

A Number of Valuable

Town Lots,

WILL be offered for Sale, by the subscribers, on the premises, on the Muskingum river, opposite the mouth of Licking creek, where the Kentucky road, leading from Wheeling crosses said river, a place equal to any in the Northwestern Territory, for conveniency of water works. The sale to commence on the 10th day of April next, where a plan of the town, together with the conditions of sale may be seen.

JONATHAN ZANE,
JOHN M'INTIRE.

March 13, 1799.

Dying Manufactory of STANDING COLOURS.

THE *subscriber informs the public in general that he has commenced the above line of business opposite M'Clarun's ferry, and adjoining Dodd's, Beaford, near the Allegeny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, and will colour blue, green, yellow, red, black, brown, drab, olive, &c. upon linen and cotton thread, likewise upon all manner of linen, woolen, cotton and silk, either in the piece or otherwise—Turky red done on cotton equal, if not superior, to any imported—over and under green hats, blue and brown ditto, hat linings with any of the above colours, stiffened and glazed. He hopes from his knowledge and experience in said business (having served a regular time thereto, and worked thereat in some of the principal manufactories in Europe) that those who please to favor him with their commands, will be pleased. Any commands in said line will be received and delivered finished at the above place, or at the store of Mr John Wrenshall in Market street. All goods in the above line finished in the best and most expeditious manner, and on the most reasonable terms.*

JAMES DORAN.

Pittsburgh, March 15, 1799.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

TWO Thousand Acres of first rate quality Land, situate on Treacle's creek, between the Little Miami and Scioto Rivers, north-west of the River Ohio.

Also, an excellent Tract of Donation Land, lying in the Tenth District, within one mile of Le Beauf, containing 250 acres, with allowance.

An indisputable title will be made.

The above property will be sold low, if a cash purchaser offers, and if not, reasonable time will be granted upon a payment of part.

ANTHONY BEELEN.

Pittsburgh, February 8, 1799.

Taken up adrift in the

Ohio river, about 4 miles about George town, a Flat without oars or oar pins, and two Pine Canoes and one Poplar. The owner on proving property and paying charges may have them again, by applying to the subscriber near Beaver creek,

CHARLES PHILLIS.

March 9, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE *Plantation containing 278 acres, lying within half a mile of the Monongahela river, within two miles of Devores ferry, in Baziotto township, Allegeny county. The place is in good repair, the land is well adapted for raising grain of any kind. There is on the premises a good dwelling house, barn and stables, a good mill house, and several never failing springs convenient to the house, a fine young apple orchard containing 200 trees beginning to bear, also a good peach orchard; there are upwards of 100 acres of cleared land, of which about 20 are meadow. The whole or a part will be sold to accommodate the purchaser. A clear and indisputable title will be given. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises.*

STEPHEN WARNER.

March 7, 1799.

THE Subscriber having procured the Donation Drafts in Districts No. 1, 2, and 3, takes this method of informing those Gentlemen who have Lands in those Districts, that he will attend at his house in the second District, for the purpose of shewing the same to those who may favour him with their custom.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

Slippery Rock, March 8, 1798.

THE *subscriber having laid out a* TOWN *on the road leading from Pittsburgh to Franklin, between the 48 and 49 mile trees from the former place, offers Lots for sale at Twenty Dollars each—and in order to give an equal chance to purchasers, choice will be determined by Lottery, which will be carried into effect as soon as half the Lots are sold, which is expected will be in May next. Tickets which will entitle the bearer to such lots as may be drawn to their numbers, may be had of William Dunning, Hugh Fleming and John Scull, in Pittsburgh, and of the subscriber near Slippery Rock, at which places a plan of said Town may be seen—Ten Dollars will be demanded on receiving a ticket, and Ten Dollars when the deed is made, which will be done as soon after drawing as possible*

March 6, 1799. *JAMES BUCHANAN*

Robert J. Clow,

LATELY from New-York, informs the Public that he intends carrying on the PLASTERING BUSINESS, in its various branches in Pittsburgh.

March 9, 1799.

N. B. Wanted one or two Apprentices to the above business, from 14 to 18 years of age.

Cut Nail Manufactory.

THE subscriber having established a Cut Nail Manufactory in Pittsburgh, respectfully claims the patronage of the citizens of the Western Country, and informs them that they may be supplied with Nails and Sprigs of every description, at a low rate—a generous discount will be allowed those who purchase a large quantity. It must be obvious to every person, that large sums of money are drained out of the Western Country for these articles, and the encouragement of this infant manufactory will in some measure prevent it. Orders for Nails from any part of the country will be thankfully received and forwarded with dispatch, by

GEORGE HOLDSHIP.

Pittsburgh, January 31, 1799.

N. B Said Holdship has made arrangements so as this manufactory shall not interfere with his business of House Carpenter and Joiner.

William Larwill,

RETURNS His sincere thanks to his friends for the generous assistance afforded him since he was put in confinement—his stores having been broke open by night, and his property violently taken away by a certain William Gazzam, who advertises he is authorised to receive debts due me, but it is unfortunate for the said Gazzam, he can produce no account against any person. Larwill, who is disposed to pay his just debts, has a right to receive, as will be seen in the following note that has been obligingly sent him.

Pittsburgh, February 14, 1799.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1799.

SIR.

HAVING been of your council from the first, and acquainted with every transaction relative to what William Gazzam in his advertisement in the Pittsburgh Gazette, calls an assignment of your property, we are of opinion that it was not an assignment, but an *agreement* to assign and changed no property, until actual delivery, and even as to what was delivered the property reverted and became vested in you, as the agreement was waived by Gazzam on recurring to his suit, in consideration of withdrawing which the agreement was made; and that now you have a right to retain, or regain, as the case may be and to recover your debts as if no such agreement had ever taken place.

H H BRACKENRIDGE.
JAMES MONTGOMERY.
SAM. S. MAHON.

A LOTTERY,

For raising the sum of Twelve Thousand Dollars to be applied in erecting Piers to defend the Banks of the Rivers Allegheny and Monongahela within the Borough of Pittsburgh, authorised by an Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

The Scheme of the First Class is as follows:

				Dollars.
1	Prize of	1000	Dollars, is	1000
1	of	800		800
2	of	500	are	1000
3	of	400		1200
5	of	300		1500
10	of	200		2000
15	of	100		1500
20	of	50		1000
50	of	20		1000
100	of	15		1500
2000	of	7		14000
1	of	2000	last drawn Ticket is	2000
1	of	1000	second last drawn	1000
1	of	500	third last drawn	500
2210 Prizes		9 00 Tickets,		
3790 Blanks		at 5 Dols. each		30000

All prizes subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.

The drawing of the First Class to commence as soon as the Tickets are sold, and the prizes to be discharged on the completion of the drawing, which it is hoped will be in October next.

To those acquainted with the situation, and who feel themselves interested in the improvement and prosperity of the town of Pittsburgh, nothing need be said touching the utility of the object to which the product of this Lottery is to be applied. To others it might be suggested how very important are its prosperity and advancement not only to those adjacent, but to the inhabitants of the neighbouring counties and even of the towns on the Atlantic shores—Situated, as it is, on a point of land at the confluence of two majestic rivers, which, joining, flow through an immense territory to the ocean, it must of necessity be in a considerable degree the emporium of that territory, if it be not abandoned to the impetuous current of the Alleghany which is making yearly, nay daily, encroachments on the land, and which will at no very distant day take possession of the delightful spot on which the town stands, should its ravages not be checked by the erection of piers, or some other efficient means.

Tickets to be had of the Managers in Pittsburgh; of Thomas Hamilton, in Greensburgh; of General Douglass in Union Town; of David Redick in the town of Washington; of Alexander M'Dowell at Fort Franklin, of Roger Alden at Meadville, and Thomas Reese in the town of Erie.

BRESLEY NEVILL,
GEORGE STEVENSON,
JOHN SCULL
ISAAC CRAIG,
NATHANIEL BEDFORD,
JAMES BRISON,
GEORGE SHIRAS,
JEREMIAH BARKER,
NATHANIEL IRISH,
} Managers.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, living in the Forks of Yough, Westmoreland county, Rostraver township, a bright Bay

MARE

with a star in her forehead, and one of her hind feet white, 7 years old last spring, 16 hands high, a natural trotter, and has a very lofty carriage. Whoever takes up said Mare, and secures the thief so that he may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or Five Dollars for the Mare only.

WILLIAM TINLEY.

January 19, 1799.

TO BE LET,

And possession given the 6th of April next.

THAT *well known Tavern the* INDIAN QUEEN, *which was long occupied by the subscriber—on the premises is a good double stable, and an excellent pump in the yard. Terms may be known by applying to John Park, next door to the premises, or to the subscriber in Pitt township.*

A. WATSON.

March 5, 1799.